

Replace Mainframe FTP with FICON for Secure, Fast Multi-Platform File Transfers and Data Integration

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The (in)security of FTP

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Was in kindergarten in 1980

Financial Services Sr. IT leader for 20 years

Hacker

Outside of work I have a passion for...

Breaking things

Flying airplanes

Motorbikes

FTP – Super Brief Overview



- FTP File Transfer Protocol Developed in the 1970's (like me)
- Current RFC 959 (https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc959) from 1985
- Two TCP connections for most commands
 - DATA channel
 - CONTROL channel
- Both can be encrypted (FTP/S) But
 - Requires certificates and ideally client certificates to do well
 - Configuration can be tedious
- Don't confuse with SFTP
- Then there is FTP on Z ...

FTP – on Z



- Base functionality the same as FTP on other systems (same feature set)
- Three modes of operations
 - Basic SITE FILE=SEQ
 - JES SITE FILE=JES
 - SQL SITE FILE=SQL
- This makes securing (or abandoning) FTP on Z even more important than your other platforms
- Certificates can also be used here
 - Need CA-signed certs to make it effective
 - DATA+CTRL must be encrypted
- But you say ...

But we only use it internally!







DEMO TIME



So, How to Prevent This??



Still Using FTP? Secure Mainframe File Transfers Using **FICON** as the Network

Colleen Gordon

MDI Solution Specialist Luminex Software, Inc.

Still Using FTP?



- Luminex has completed dozens of File Transfer SMF analyses for our Clients
 - Type 119 subtype 3,70 for FTP Client and Server records
 - Type 119 subtype 96,97 for IBM SSH (SFTP & Co:z)
 - Type 30 records
 - Type 70,72 RMF



General Observations



- Most have no idea how much FTP activity goes on
 - Insufficient reporting or auditing of FTP usage
- FTP ports are wide open
 - Insufficient controls or restrictions on what type of data can/cannot be sent via FTP Credentials in the clear
- Very little use of SFTP, FTPS or other secure file transfer protocol
- Clients that have a secure product don't use it for all file transfers
- Generally a "nobody has said I need to secure it" attitude



It's like the Wild Wild West Out There!





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Client Data on FTP



Company	FTP Client	FTP Server	SFTP	C:D	Other	Other #	Days	Average
Α	52,947	237,188					53	5,474.25
В	180,876	1,248,780					7	204,236.57
С	9,118	52,788					30	2,063.53
D	631,836	1,912	49				7	90,535.43
E	3,709			80,000			30	123.63
F	12,268						58	211.52
G	68						7	9.74
Н	31,979						14	2,284.21
I		1,343					7	191.86
J	82	3,632	902		CoZ	1,460	14	265.29
K	17,231	17,920					31	1,133.90
L	5,844			92			6	974.00
M	3,712				XCOM		7	530.29
N	17,505				CoZ	37	7	2,500.71
0	6,015	1,535					44	171.59
Р	3,650	1,118					9	529.78
Q	80						7	11.43
R	1,306	26					7	190.29
S	63,086	48,025					7	15,873.00
Totals	1,041,312	1,614,267	951	80,092		1,497		

FTP: Why is Anyone Still Using It?



- FTP turned 48 years old in 2019
- Still functional as a technology to move files but...
 - Not secure (no encryption)
 - Not designed to provide delivery results
 - Not designed to retry/restart
 - Passwords in clear text susceptible to attack
 - Any network sniffer can hijack it
 - Data is at risk of being retrieved and shared
 - No audit trail or logging



FTP Related Data Breaches



Major American Retailer with locations all over the world

Data was moved to drop locations on hacked servers all over the world via FTP where hackers retrieved the data (Krebs, 2014h)

\$200M

to replace credit cards

140

lawsuits

46%

drop in 4th quarter sales

Major American Service Provider

Largest ever invasion and theft of personal data via hacked FTP servers outside the company's firewall.

1.6 Billion

customer records containing:

- Names
- Addresses
- Emails



Major American Home Goods Retailer

"FTP was never designed with security in mind and because of that, it's become one of the favorite venues for hackers looking to get into a corporate network."

\$25M

paid in damages

\$134.5M

in compensation to consortiums (Visa, Mastercard, various banks)

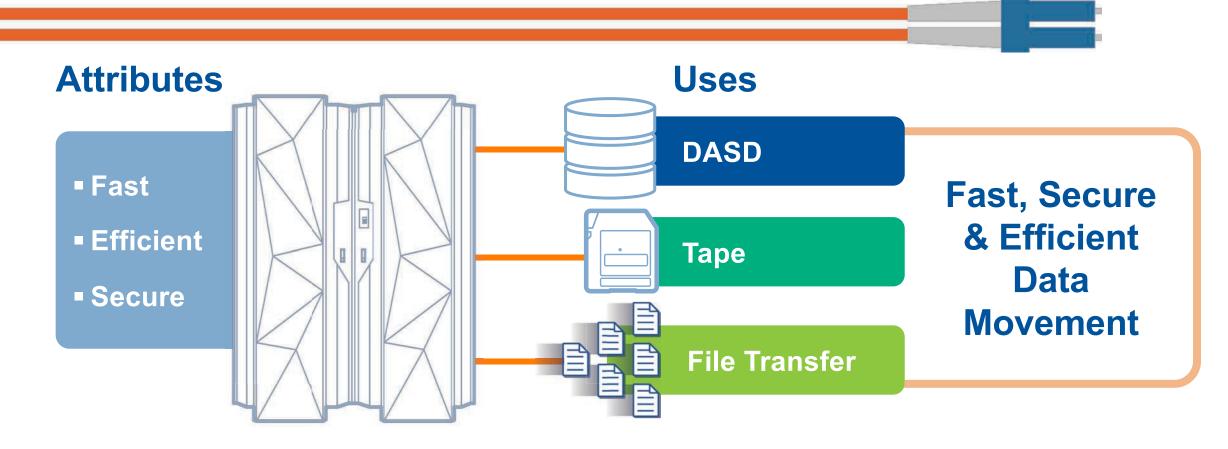
\$19.5M

settlement to affected customers

FICON is a Better Alternative!



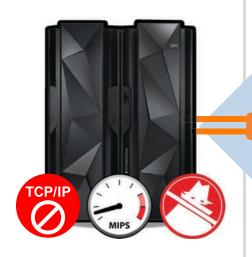
FICON is an I/O channel technology designed specifically for the mainframe



MDI is a Data Transfer & Co-Processing Platform



Mainframe FICON



FICON

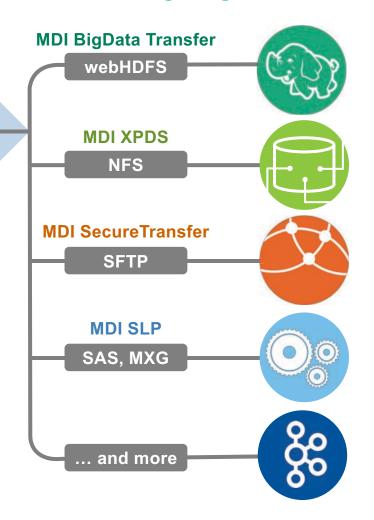
- Secure
- High speed
- Efficient, redundantI/O channels

MDI Platform



- Profile-based architecture for extending processing & interface capabilities
- High speed, scalable transfer rates
- SAF integration & protocol-based encryption
- Bi-directional movement and communication for multi-platform workflows and co-processing
 - Including data translation from EBCDIC to ASCII and between character sets

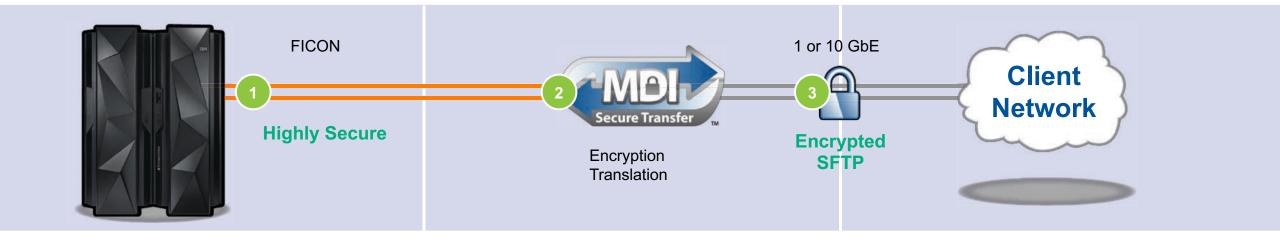
Data Sharing Targets/Sources



10 GbE

MDI SecureTransfer: Sending Files to/from the Mainframe





- 1. Data is transferred off-host via tape FICON channels
 - Up to 800 MB/s per MDI Platform
 - Concurrent file transfers supported
- 2. Data is encrypted and translated off-host, saving CPU cycles
- 3. Encrypted data is transferred over the client's network via SFTP over redundant 1 or 10 GbE
- 4. PUTS and GETS managed via mainframe batch job

Simple JCL Deployment





```
Step 1: Write the file you want to transfer to
JOBCARD...
                                  an MDI SecureTransfer owned tape. This is
//GENER
           EXEC PGM=ICEGENER
//SYSPRINT
                SYSOUT=*
                                  a simple ICEGENER to tape.
//SYSIN
                DUMMY
//SYSUT1
                DSN=PROD.FTP.TXDATA,
                DISP=SHR
//SYSUT2
                DSN=PROD.FTP.TXDATA.MDI,
                DISP=(NEW, CATLG),
                UNIT=MDITAPE, RETPD=0,
                DCB=*.SYSUT1
```

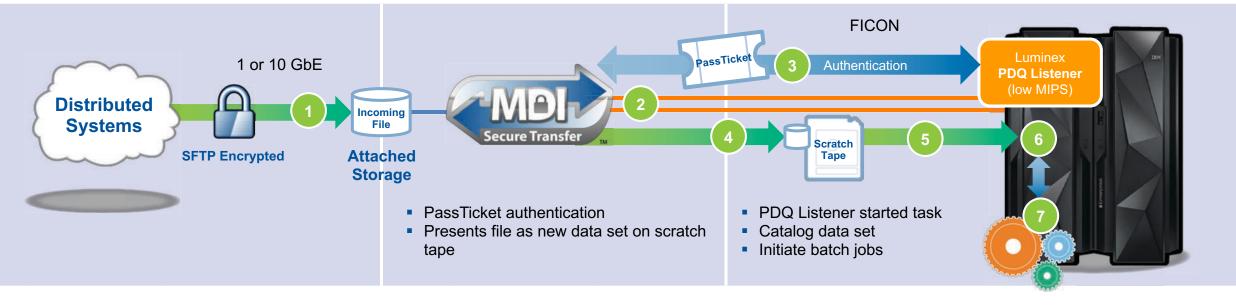
MDI JCL – Step 2



```
Step 2: Execute LUMXPROC.
                                              Communicates to MDI what you want to
//STEP2
                LUMXPROC, PROFILE=MDIST
           EXEC
//XPROCLOG
                SYSOUT=*
                                              do with the data.
//COPYFILE
             DD
                 DISP=OLD,
                  DSN=PROD.FTP.TXDATA.MDI,
                  UNIT=MDITAPE
//SYSIN
                                         Destination IP, DNS/server name
-PARM destination=206.154.7.19
                                      Multiple ciphers supported
  cipher=aes192-ctr
  login=<loginid>
                               Credentials externalized in JCL
  password=<password>
  conversion=ascii CRLF
                                    Convert EBCDIC to ASCII
-DD COPYFILE=prod.ftp.txdata
```

Distributed to the Mainframe





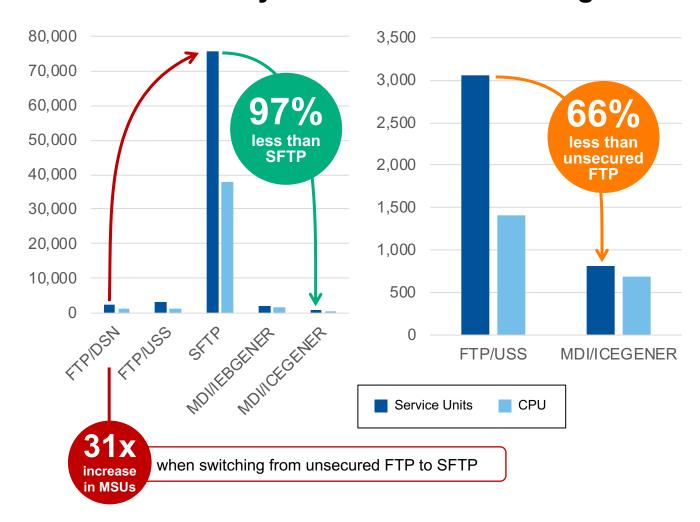
- 1. File is transferred via SFTP to folder on MDI:ST attached storage
- 2. File Watcher detects the file and communicates to PDQ on the mainframe
- 3. File Watcher constructs a Pass Ticket and passes to PDQ for security validation
- 4. PDQ validates security; mounts a scratch tape and opens a new data set
- 5. MDI:ST copies incoming file to new data set on the given scratch tape
- 6. PDQ closes the data set and catalogs it on mainframe
- 7. Catalog event "triggers" downstream batch processing to be initiated

Benchmark Testing: 30 MB File



Method	Job	Program	Elapsed	Service Units	CPU
FTP from DSN	BNCHMRK1	FTP	0:00:15.32	2403	1280
(Clear Text)			0:00:15.32	2403	1280
FTP from USS	BNCHMRK2	FTP	0:00:13.96	3060	1409
(Clear Text)			0:00:13.96	3060	1409
SFTP	BNCHMRK3	login	0:00:00.10	150	135
(Encrypted)	BNCHMRK3	tty	0:00:00.02	140	119
	BNCHMRK3	sftp	0:00:00.14	340	317
	BNCHMRK3	ssh	0:00:06.27	68463	34493
	BNCHMRK3	sftp	0:00:08.41	6106	2363
	BNCHMRK3	SH	0:00:08.47	213	163
	BNCHMRK3	BPXBATCH	0:00:08.77	129	107
			0:00:32.18	75541	37697
MDI/IEBGENER	BNCHMRK4	IEBGENER	0:00:03.24	2010	1407
	BNCHMRK4	LUMXPROC	0:00:09.34	156	134
			0:00:12.58	2166	1541
MDI/ICEGENER	BNCHMRK5	ICEGENER	0:00:00.79	667	550
	BNCHMRK5	LUMXPROC	0:00:09.19	151	131
			0:00:09.98	818	681

MDI/ICEGENER System Resources Savings



Benchmarks performed on z13 Model 2965-N10 using SMF Type 30 records

No x.509 Digital Certificates Required



- SecureTransfer does not require the use of x.509 Digital Certificates
 - Data is transferred from the MDI Platform (not the mainframe) to the destination server using Secure Shell (SSH) File Transfer Protocol or SFTP
- SFTP is the preferred file transfer protocol for Open Systems
 - Uses UID and password sign-on to the destination server
 - Additionally secured by use of SSH keys
 - Keys are typically generated once, and never expire
 - Supports multiple encryption ciphers including AES-256
 - Approved for FIPS 140-2, SOX, HIPAA, NSA, NIST, GDPR, etc., compliance
- FTPS is also supported



MDI Monitor Reports





Real-Time Monitoring

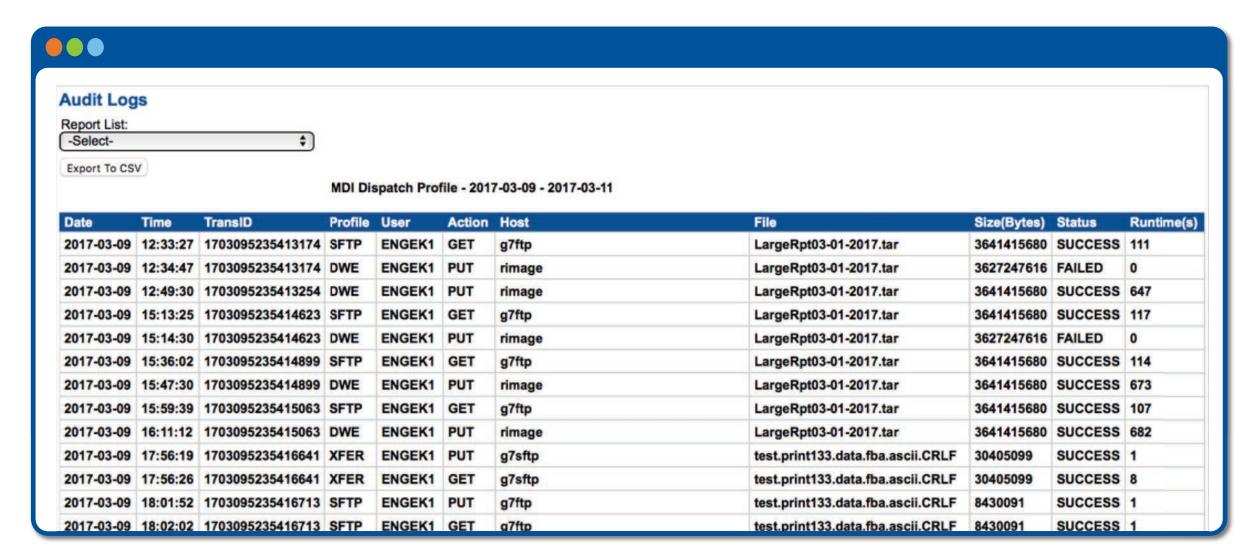
- Transmissions in Process
- Performance Reports
- Network Traffic
- MDI Put Bytes Transferred
- MDI Get Bytes Transferred
- Storage Consumption and Availability

Trending Over Time

- Performance Reports
- MDI Put Time
- MDI Get Time
- MDI Put Bytes Transferred
- MDI Get Bytes Transferred
- Storage Consumption and Availability

MDI SecureTransfer Audit Log

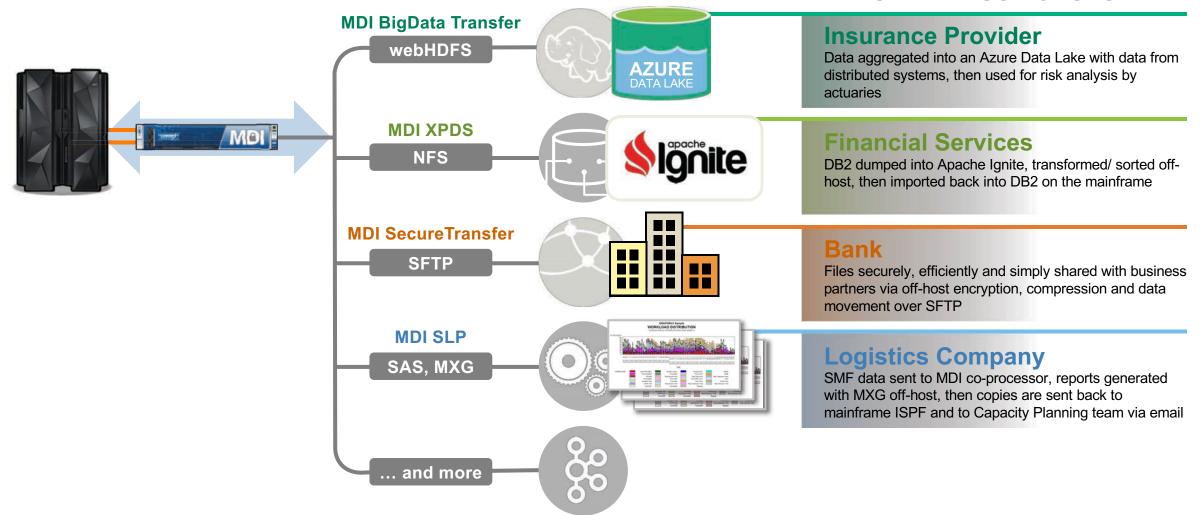




FICON and MDI Transform Mainframe Data Sharing



SAMPLE USE CASES



MDI SecureTransfer: A Better Alternative for Mainframe File Transfers





Secure

- More secure than TCP/IP on the mainframe
- Reduce/eliminate open ports on the mainframe
- SFTP is approved for HIPAA, FIPS 140-2, SOX, NSA, NIST



Fast

- Unmatched transfer rates, scales to the largest data centers
- Concurrent transfers means no bottlenecks or need to "time shift" workloads.



Efficient

- Reduce CPU overhead for mainframe TCP/IP
- Reduce CPU overhead for encryption/translation



Cost-Effective

- Reduce software licensing costs
- No licensing limits for concurrent transfers
- Licensing not based on MIPS/MSUs



Ease of Implementation

- As simple as executing an ICEGENER
- JCL Conversion Utility and Services









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More Questions?

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Booth 416 in the Tech Expo

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